

Democracy and Millions.  
A Cart Horse Mother.  
"Best Girl" Qualities.  
Grateful, and Dying.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.  
(Copyright, 1920.)

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is on a trip, in a special train. One car, clear of furniture, is taken along as a playground for the children. Wisely, Mr. Rockefeller asked newspaper photographers not to make pictures of his children, saying: "It is hard enough to keep children democratic these days, without having their pictures in the newspapers."

It must be very hard to keep children democratic, when they travel with a whole train of cars to themselves, and observe officials of cities coming down to the station, almost (not quite) on their hands and knees, before the greatest fortune in the world.

Some grandchildren of the late Jay Gould, traveling with their father over the Missouri Pacific on a tour of inspection, were interested in the mayor and aldermen of a certain town, assembled at the track to ask respectfully for a new railroad station.

One of the children, now married to an English nobleman, said to her father: "It is nice of those peasants to come and see you, isn't it, papa?"

It is indeed hard to keep children democratic or make it seem worth while for them to work, when their father has many millions. You cannot keep servile flattery away.

The picture of an interesting orphan is published in Lord Naycliffe's "Sunday Pictorial." With unguinely legs the orphan stands by its foster mother, a huge cart horse. The mother of this orphan, Tagalie, the famous winner of the Derby in 1912, died "in foaling."

The magnificently bred young race horse is made foster child of a cart horse, not of a race horse. Experience teaches that the cart horse type, possessing strength, good nature and but, unmarred, the better mother. There's a warning for women that try to be too thin. Breeders of thoroughbred bulldogs know also that it is possible to overdo the "thoroughbred" part. They take thoroughbred puppies from their mother and put them to nurse a mongrel mother, cruelly drowning the latter's puppies.

Motherhood is complicated. Read what Renan said about it. Observe that both Napoleon and Lincoln had mothers of the big heavy type, broad and solid.

Count Bainotti, of Turin, dying, established a ten thousand dollar fund, interest to go every year to the most virtuous and in all ways admirable young girl, unmarried, aged twenty, daughter of the common people, in the city of Providence, R. I.

The Mayor is working on the problem now, also the Mayor of Turin, where Count Bainotti established a similar fund.

The Providence mayor has been told that these are the qualities most important in a "best girl": Strength, truth, justice, kindness, reverence, humility, duty, amiability, prudence, faithfulness, patience, truthfulness, good conduct, and, "if possible," discretion.

Which of the fourteen seems to you most important? You will observe that THE important quality for the young woman, and the children to come after her, is omitted, namely, INTELLIGENCE. Give women strength plus intelligence. Nature will do the rest.

The Great lacked at least thirteen of the fourteen points, but she had a wonderful son, and that is the important thing. Of an artist you ask what sort of pictures he produced, and of a woman, what sort of children.

In all news of this day, all news of past ages, including Dante's description of Francesca and her young man, still devoted to each other, well, you find nothing more pathetic than this: Viola Carpenter had lived over a year with Robert M. Taylor. She always wanted him to marry her; he wouldn't. One night he shot her; he says it was an accident; the police say no. Told that the girl would die, Taylor said, "Then let me marry her; she has the license and the ring. It is what she wants."

Father Plunkett of Chicago wisely consented to perform the ceremony. The girl wept with joy and GRATITUDE and in half an hour she was sufficient proof of woman's mental superiority and innate goodness and a whole "problem play" boiled down into a short police report.

When they first started the street car lines in Buenos Aires, horses could be bought for five dollars apiece. They were so cheap it scarcely paid to feed them. They were shamefully ill-treated; now electricity mercifully replaces them.

There was a time when men were so cheap it scarcely paid to bother about their being fed or housed. They are dearer now, and unlike horses, they can do uncomfortable thinking, planning and disturbing when they lack decent food and housing. For that reason the American Woolen Company should find some way to avoid laying off 35,000 operators three days in every week.

To raise a man's salary 15 per cent the Woolen Company did that—and then cut down his total earning power 33-1-3 per cent, is dangerous.

WEATHER

Threatening weather and rain tonight and tomorrow; cooler tonight. Temperature at 5 a. m., 60 degrees.

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WASHINGTON, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 4, 1920.

[Closing Wall Street Prices]

TWO CENTS In Washington and suburbs. Elsewhere, THREE CENTS

Johnson Warns Chicago He Will Prevent G. O. P. From "Straddling" On League

SENATE VOTES FOR SALE OF MERCHANT MARINE

PARTY FACING BITTER FIGHT

"No Compromise" Will Be Slogan of Irreconcilables Led by Californian.

BORAH IS FLOOR GENERAL

Senator Will Appear Personally and Tear Pact to Pieces If Necessary.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Wood pledged delegates from Southern States who brought contests against the regular organization to Chicago fell thick and fast before the national committee today.

In both Mississippi and South Carolina the organization slates were upheld and the insurgents organized and pledged for the candidacy of General Wood were denied seats.

CHICAGO, June 4.—With the battle slogan "no compromise" Senator Hiram Johnson will lead the entire Senate group of "irreconcilables" on the floor of the Republican convention in a spectacular fight against the Wilson League of Nations, it was disclosed here today.

The fight is expected to be the greatest platform combat in the history of the party, and may result in splitting the G. O. P.

Against Pussfooting.

Smashing at the fence straddling plank which Senator James E. Watson will bring to Chicago, Field Marshal Johnson will direct the "irreconcilables" in a drive to cast into the dump heap all "pussfooting" measures affecting the league, and to force the Republican party to rivet into its platform a plank committing the party to definite, unalterable opposition to the Wilsonian world brotherhood idea.

If the battle goes to such a point that it becomes necessary, Senator Johnson will appear personally on the floor of the convention, to launch a final drive with the objective of ripping the League of Nations to shreds.

Senator Borah, who is scheduled to arrive here today, will be Senator Johnson's chief tactical general in the anti-league fight, the outcome of which, it appears, will decide who is to be the party's nominee.

Has Strong Backing.

Others of the "irreconcilables" who will occupy a front place on the Johnson firing line—aligned with him on this one big question, at least—will be Senator Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania, Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois, Senator Laurence Y. Sherman of Illinois, and Senator Brandegee of Connecticut, to name a few. Of Chicago, and the seventeen Illinois delegates under his control are in the fight on the California Senator's side tooth and nail.

It is not for the nomination alone that Johnson is in Chicago. His primary purpose, expressed by him in a speech to the cheering thousands from the balcony of his hotel, and repeated later to a group of newspaper editors, is to see to it that the Republican party in its platform takes a strong position on the league of nations issue.

The Californian declared in his most vigorous manner that the party will not be permitted to take a "winking, pussyfooting, hiding position on the league question." He will make it his principal business here to see that a plank utterly condemning and repudiating the Wilson league plan is adopted.

Johnson's statement of his purpose with respect to the formulation of the party platform is interpreted by party leaders to challenge to party leaders to listen to him on the league question.

Talk of ratification or of the Indiana plan or of any other plan that means ratification of the treaty was adopted.

(Continued on Page 10, Column 4.)

GOVERNOR LOWDEN ILL. BUT WILL SEE SCRIBES

By MARLEN E. PEW. International News Service.

CHICAGO, June 4.—They're off in the great G. O. P. classic, and tight-lipped, dispassionate politicians here today. Both Wood and Lowden, having discarded like soiled gloves the "wicked partners" to whom is attributed the flare-back from delegate-buying, were today in command of their respective camps. No one denies that their booms have been scorched. Governor Lowden is ill in his room at the Blackstone, but his secretary said this morning he hoped to see the reporters at 4 this afternoon. Senator Harding is coming to Chicago tomorrow night, probably. He'll step in quietly—no brass bands, no cheering clubs, no talking for him,

PENROSE WON'T GO TO CHICAGO, LATEST NEWS

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—According to all indications today, Senator Boies Penrose will not attend the Republican convention at Chicago. He is still obdurate in his determination to be on hand at the "big caucus," although it is believed he finally will capitulate to insist on attending by attending physicians and remain in Philadelphia.

The first floor of the Penrose residence has been fitted up as an office, with preparations said to have been made for the installation of a long distance wire direct to the convention floor.

Governor Spang of Pennsylvania confers with the senior Pennsylvania senator late this afternoon.

Stebbins presented to the committee financial statements which corroborated the accounting previously rendered by Albert A. Sprague, a wealthy Chicago wholesale grocer, and the Wood national treasurer, the expenditure of a total of \$1,174,919.

Stebbins gave various amounts totaling hundreds of thousands of dollars which he said had been handled by him at New York city for the Wood campaign, and most of which had already been accounted for by Sprague.

To the Sprague total, \$1,174,919, Stebbins, however, added an additional \$78,000 of Wood expenditures which he explained brought the complete total up to \$1,252,919.

Stebbins declared he did not know (Continued on Page 10, Column 5.)

LABOR CHIEFS URGE JOHNSON

California Senator Only G. O. P. Candidate Favored by Federation Delegates.

By MILDRED MORRIS, International News Service.

MONTREAL, Quebec, June 4.—This city, under the British flag, has taken on some of Chicago's political atmosphere.

With the arrival of delegates for the fortieth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, the question of who will be the next President of the United States has become one of the chief topics of conversation in the hotel lobbies, indicating that politics will be one of the leading interests in the convention.

Johnson Is Favorite.

According to opinions expressed by delegates today, six candidates in the field are satisfactory to labor, but only one of them is a Republican—Senator Hiram Johnson of California.

After talks with many of the labor leaders now on the ground, there is little doubt that Senator Johnson and William G. McAdoo, Democrat, are the two favorites of labor.

Senator Johnson's labor record is described as "100 per cent good," although he is criticized by railroad union men because of his absence from the Senate when the Cummins-Esch bill was up. By this absence the Senator failed to place himself on public record regarding the measure.

It is accepted as a foregone conclusion that railroad workers are almost solidly for Mr. McAdoo. In the Kansas City convention, representing 600,000 members of the railway employees' department of the American Federation of Labor, a resolution endorsing McAdoo was received with such enthusiasm that the leaders had difficulty in tabling it, partisan politics being barred.

Palmer "In Bad."

Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer seems to head labor's "in bad hat." Some of the delegates here offered to lay wagers that union men would vote for him if he were nominated. Gen. Leonard Wood is apparently a close second to Mr. Palmer in labor's disfavor. This is said to arise over his connection with the steel strike and because he is a military man.

Herbert Hoover is unpopular with the laborites because of his endorsement of the open shop. Senator Harding came into disfavor because of his anti-union legislation.

Governor Lowden of Illinois seems to have some following among the Illinois coal miners. Unionist say that Governor Lowden's labor record in Congress was not satisfactory, but that he has made a fine record since.

If Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas City, proves to be the "dark horse" at the Chicago convention, probably he will prove as unpopular as Palmer.

Sees Bryan As Champion.

William Jennings Bryan is expected to be the champion of labor at the San Francisco convention. Governor Edwards of New Jersey has some supporters because of his anti-prohibition views. It is likely, however, that Senator Owen would receive labor's support in preference to any other candidate nominated either by the Democrats or Republicans, with the exception of Senator Johnson. Representatives of coal miners from Ohio and Indiana declare that Governor Cox of Ohio, Democrat, is acceptable to the mine workers.

WOOD'S FUND IS \$1,252,919

Horace Stebbins, General's Campaign Treasurer, Gives More Details of Fund.

By J. BART CAMPBELL, International News Service.

A total of \$1,252,919 has been spent thus far in financing Gen. Leonard Wood's presidential boom. Horace Stebbins, a New York city business man, and Eastern treasurer of the Wood campaign, testified today before the Senate committee investigating per-convention presidential campaign expenditures and contributions.

Total Is \$1,252,919.

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BRITISH FIGHT IRISH 3 HOURS

Sinn Feiners Beaten Off by Soldiers at Cappaghwhite Barracks.

LONDON, June 4.—A three-hour attack with bombs was made against the barracks at Cappaghwhite, Ireland, but the attacks were finally beaten off, said an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Tipperary this afternoon. Several men were arrested by soldiers.

Cappaghwhite is seven miles north of Tipperary.

DEVONPORT, Eng., June 4.—The first battalion of the Devonshire Infantry embarked today for service in Ireland.

G. O. P. MOVES TO CHECK COLOR DISCRIMINATION

CHICAGO, June 4.—Aroused by continual charges that negro Republicans in Southern States were discriminated against and denied admission to party conventions, the national committee has directed Chairman Will H. Hays to notify all State organizations that party conventions and conclaves must be held in places of easy access to all Republicans, regardless of color.

Wholesale forgeries of permits for withdrawal of whiskey from bonded warehouses in several Eastern districts have assumed such huge proportions that prohibition enforcement personnel in the districts involved are being combed for evidence of complicity by prohibition agents.

Disclosure of permit forgeries is only one of a series of irregular practices which prohibition enforcement agents are endeavoring to bring to light. Charges of Senator Calder of New York, that the forgeries are the result of an "inside job," with prohibition agents acting in collusion with outsiders, cannot be denied by Commissioner Kramer's office, in view of certain very circumstantial reports.

In defense of prohibition enforcement it is said that some of the district offices, now under suspicion, are under-manned and that wherever inefficiency may have developed is the result of a lack of adequate force to handle the work. Some offices are months behind in their work. Reports of every kind have piled up in these offices and the few clerks employed for the purpose have been unable to check returns required to be made by permit holders.

Despite the fact that this branch of the Government service is spending huge sums for squads of whiskey detectives, headquarters here confess that it has been in total ignorance until recently of the extent of the widespread forgeries, which have been perpetrated without detection over a period of several months. The service is being combed for further evidence, and until this investigation progresses further officials refuse to discuss the disclosures.

GIRL DRINKS POISON RATHER THAN MARRY

Bride-to-be Tears up License and Leaves Note Saying She Prefers Death.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 4.—The final chapter in the story of a blasted romance was written yesterday when Rose Castiglione, a bride-to-be, committed suicide by drinking poison rather than be forced into marriage through the persistence of suitors.

The authorities today learned the reason for her self-inflicted death. Among those who viewed the body today was Antonio Reatini, twenty-five years old. It was the prospect of marriage to him that caused Rose to drink the poison.

The girl had many suitors. She rejected them all and declared she did not want to be married. But Reatini, a United States attorney, Eastern District of Michigan; John E. Kline, of Detroit, a reappointment.

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Former Family Servant And War Veteran Held In Coughlin Kidnaping

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—James Malone, twenty-seven, a Philadelphia world war veteran, was arrested this morning following the detention last night in Conshohocken of Mrs. Catherine Dundon, thirty-eight, a former servant of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Coughlin, of Curran Terrace, whose thirteen-month-old son, Blakeley, was kidnapped Wednesday morning, while his parents slept.

In the preliminary questioning of Mrs. Dundon, she mentioned the name of Malone, his arrest in his room in Philadelphia following the kidnapping.

According to detectives, the woman's account of her movements about the time of the kidnapping are unsatisfactory. Both Malone and she are being detained here until the police can check up their movements Wednesday night. The couple declare they know nothing of the kidnapping. The \$7,500 reward offered—\$6,000

by the Coughlin family for the safe return of the child, and \$1,500 by the Montgomery county commissioners for the apprehension and conviction of the abductors, has added stimulus to the search for Baby Coughlin.

Searching parties are scouring the countryside within a wide radius of the Coughlin home. Pictures of Baby Coughlin, together with a detailed description, have been posted along the lines of the Pennsylvania and Reading railroads in this section, and all employees have been instructed to be on the lookout.

An unusually tall man and woman, seen by a neighbor in the vicinity of the Coughlin home just before the kidnapping, are being sought.

Search also is being made for the writer of a letter, who confessed to stealing the child. The police are inclined to believe, however, the letter is a fraud.

WHISKEY FORGERIES FLOOD U. S. OFFICES

Federal Agents in Eastern Districts Under Suspicion as Probe Starts.

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BILLION LOSS, SAYS NUGENT

Conference Report Adopted 44 to 14 After Scathing Arraignment by Idaho Member.

COMBINES TO GET FLEET

Permits Purchase by Foreign Interests If Not Bought by Americans.

The Senate this afternoon adopted the conference report on the merchant marine bill by a vote of 44 to 14.

The bill provides for the sale of the American merchant marine, and further provides that ships may be sold to foreign purchasers if the Shipping Board is unable to dispose of them to American purchasers.

The conference report now goes to the House for final action.

Ten Democrats Vote "No."

Senators opposing the conference report were: Democrats: Ashurst, Culberson, Harris, Harrison, King, Nugent, Reed, Shepherd, Trammell and Walsh of Massachusetts.

Republicans: Borah, Capper, Kenyon and Norris.

The charge that there will be "an unnecessary loss of one billion dollars" to the United States by the sale of the American merchant marine as provided under the terms of the merchant marine bill now before Congress was made in the Senate this afternoon by Senator Nugent of Idaho.

Senator Nugent was making a strenuous attack upon the conference report, laid before the Senate.

"I do not entertain the remotest doubt that, if the bill becomes a law, the fleet constructed by the Government in the past few years, at a cost of more than \$3,000,000, will be disposed of at a loss of more than \$1,000,000,000 of the people's money, to private shipping corporations that will parcel out among themselves the trade routes and the markets of the world," Senator Nugent declared.

Few Senators On Floor.

During the consideration of the conference report but few Senators were on the floor.

These ships were constructed when it was perfectly apparent that if the allies were to win the war it was vitally necessary to construct ships. Nugent added: "Our government embarked upon the most stupendous ship program ever undertaken by any nation and it has not yet entirely been carried out. It is that magnificent fleet that under the provisions of the shipping bill will be disposed of at a loss of one-third."

Nugent referred to the testimony of former Chairman Payne of the Shipping Board that the fleet, during the last two years, operated at a profit of \$166,435,000 and is now being operated at a profit.

"When the building program is complete we will have a fleet which if not disposed of can be operated at the interest of the whole people. Practically the only reason advanced for the passage of the bill is that the Government should not be engaged in business; but in order to take the interest of our business we should not make a billion dollar contribution to the shipping trust," Nugent said.

Trusts Spread Propaganda.

That a country-wide propaganda is being conducted by the "committee of American ship builders" to have the ships sold at a loss was charged by the Idaho Senator. He contended that such advertising is the use of the same tactics followed by the railroad executives to pass the Cummins railroad bill; by the "packers" to create the impression that there is no money in their business; and other large interests.

Nugent said "the protecting features of the bill do not accomplish their purpose."

The restrictions on sale placing the sale value at the reproduction price minus depreciation in itself will lose the Government \$1,000,000,000, consisting of the exorbitant price paid for the building of these ships during the war," Nugent declared.

Nugent scored the leasing of the thirteen former German ships to the United States Mail Steamship Company, saying the provisions in the lease which permits purchase by the company at the end of five years would entail a further loss of \$150,000,000.

"I have observed that many of the strongest supporters of the shipping bill were among the most active and enthusiastic advocates of the railroad bill under which the people are required to pay interest at the rate of at least 5 1/2 per cent annum to the value of all railroad property in the country," Nugent declared.

The tax exemptions provided in the bill were opposed as class legislation "which no other enjoyed," by Nugent. "While we displaced the Federal employees minimum wage bill because of lack of time, we now take up a bill which gives away one billion of the taxpayers' money," Nugent observed.

Senator Trammell, Democrat, of Florida, scored the provisions of the conference report.

Report of Three Mediators to Be Basis of New Pact With Operators.

President Wilson today appointed William O. Thompson, of Columbus, Ohio; Neal J. Perry, of McAdoo, Pa., and William L. Connell, of Scranton, Pa., as a committee to hear and decide the wage differences of the anthracite coal operators and miners.

By the terms of the President's proclamation, the report of the new commission will be made within sixty days, if possible; will be retroactive to April 1, 1920, and will be made the basis of a new wage agreement between the anthracite operators and the operators and the miners in such manner as the commission may determine.

The President's proclamation called attention to the fact that the present wage scale expired on March 31, 1920; that the operators' and miners' wage scale committee has been in conference since early in March, and that at the beginning of the session it determined that any agreement finally arrived at would be retroactive to the time of the expiration of the previous wage